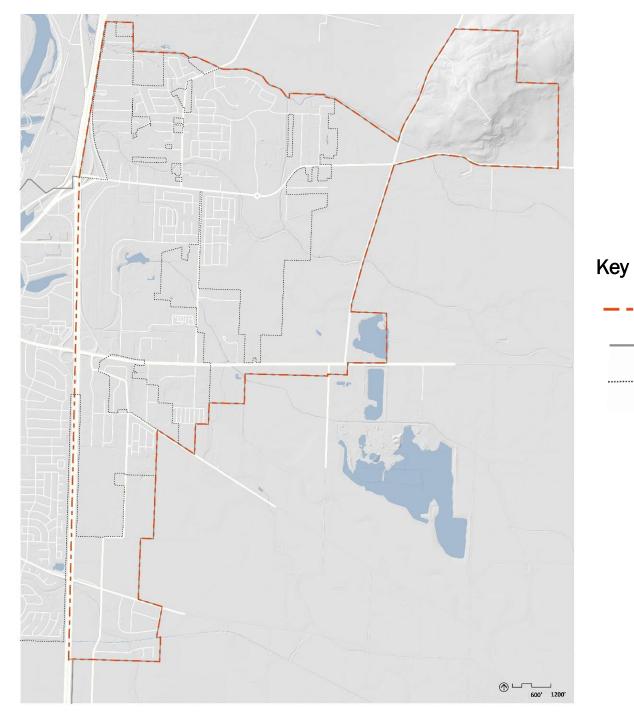


### Existing & Planned Conditions DRAFT 10.11.21



Project Boundary
 Urban Growth Boundary
 City of Albany

# Study Area





Timber Linn Park



Creek corridors



Natural areas as density transitions

### Study Area Character



Large flat fields between creeks



New development



Existing low density neighborhoods



Nearby rural landscape



New schools (and Knox Butte)



Knox Butte (and Coast Range views)





#### Strip commercial development



Large developments before EA Plan





Freeway 'barrier'

### Study Area Character



Auto Repair Yards



Auto Sales



Rural road character (no sidewalks)



Торіс	Source	Linn County	City of Albany	Study Area*
Population	2020 Census, Table P2	128,610	56,472	5,217
% White Alone	2020 Census, Table P2	81.0%	75.8%	82.3%
% Hispanic or Latino	2020 Census, Table P2	9.8%	14.1%	9.1%
Median Income	2019 ACS 1-year estimate, Table S1901	\$55,893	\$60,624	\$73,543
% Below Poverty Line	2019 ACS 5-year estimate, Table S1701	13.3%	12.0%	7.7%

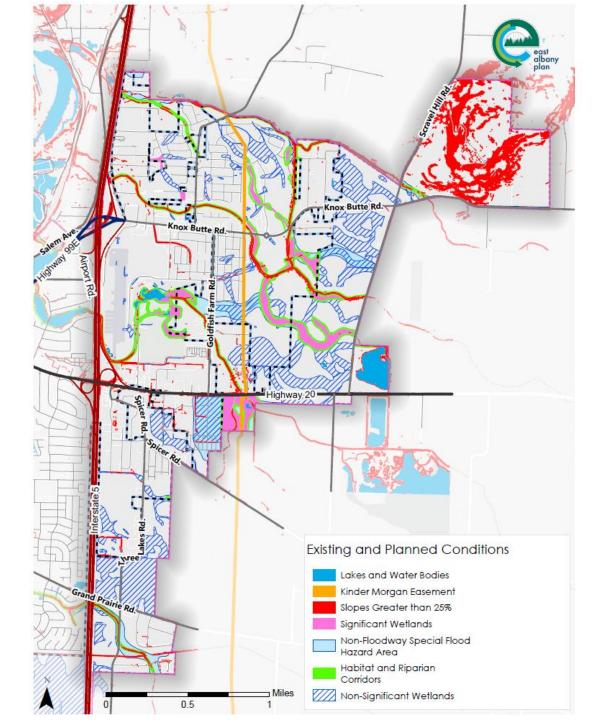
\*Uses 2020 Block Group and Census Data applicable to study area. Census boundaries are not perfectly aligned with the study area boundary. Population and race/ethnicity information was sourced from Linn County Census Tract 201.01 Block Groups 1 and 2. Income and Poverty information was sourced from the census tract alone.

## Population Demographics

Roughly 5,200
 Residents (2020
 census)

- Higher proportion of white residents than City as a whole today
- Higher median income than City as a whole today

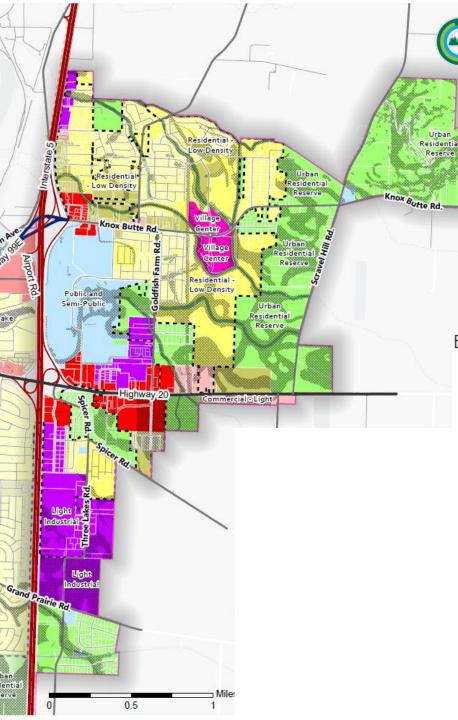




## Constraints

- Steep slopes in Knox Butte area
- Creeks & wildlife corridors
- "Significant" and "Non-Significant" wetlands throughout East Albany





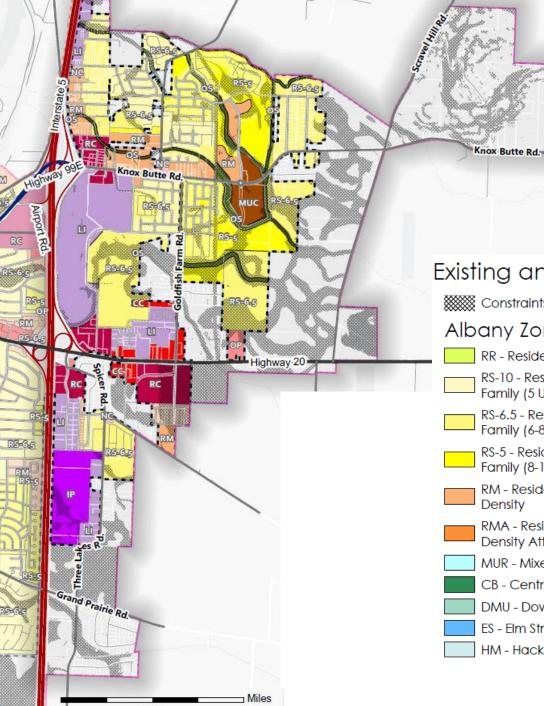


## Comprehensive Plan Designations

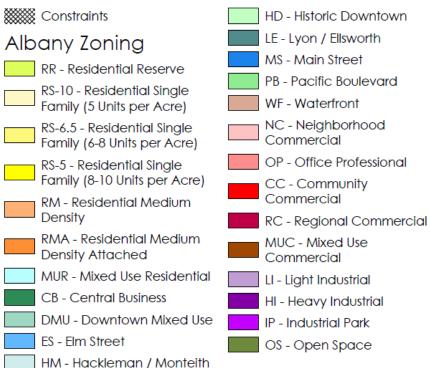
• Residential – Low Density

- Residential Medium Density
- Village Center
- Light Commercial
- General Commercial
- Light Industrial
- Public/Semi Public
- Open Space
- Urban Residential Reserve





#### Existing and Planned Conditions



# Existing Zoning

#### **Residential Zones:** RS-6.5, RS-5, RM

#### **Employment Zones:** LI, RC, CC, NC, IP

#### Mixed Use: MUC

#### Open Space (OS)



### Land Use/Zoning

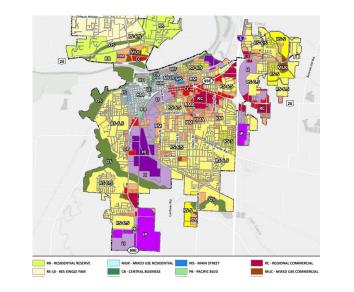
- Determines uses allowed in certain areas
- Controls intensity/density of development in a given area
- Protects/conserves sensitive lands (e.g., wetlands, stream corridors), open space, or areas subject to natural hazards

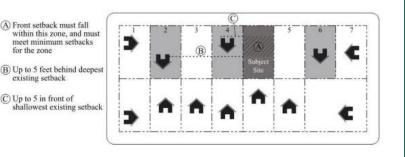
#### **Development Standards**

- Sets parameters and restrictions for how development can occur on a given property
  - Maximum height
  - Lot coverage
  - Property line setbacks
  - Minimum parking requirements

### Design Standards

- Requires specific design elements
  - Building orientation
  - Building façade coverage/articulation
  - Utilize certain # of design features or conform to neighborhood character





(A) Primary facade with

#### 

## Development Regulations



Zone	General Uses	Description/Notes	
Residential Single Family (RS-5)	<ul> <li>Single-family detached*</li> <li>Townhouses (SF attached)</li> <li>Child or adult home care</li> <li>Group living</li> <li>Parks/open space</li> </ul>	Intended for moderate density detached and attached single-family development. Average minimum lot sizes are 5,000 square feet and 2,800 square feet.	Existir Zonin
Residential Single Family (RS-6.5)	<ul> <li>Single-family detached*</li> <li>Child or adult home care</li> <li>Group living</li> <li>Parks/open space</li> </ul>	Primarily intended for low density, single-family detached development. Average minimum lot size 6,500 square feet.	Allowed Uses
Residential Medium Density (RM)	<ul> <li>Single-family detached*</li> <li>Multi-family housing</li> <li>Child or adult home care</li> <li>Group living</li> <li>Parks/open space</li> </ul>	Accommodates medium density development patterns up to 25 units/acre. Located on a collector or arterial street, or in a Village Center.	
Mixed Use Commercial (MUC)	<ul> <li>Convenience commercial</li> <li>Personal services</li> <li>Offices</li> <li>Medium density residential</li> </ul>	Generally anchored by a grocery store with a mix small retail, offices, and residences. Accessible to and compatible with adjacent residential areas.	

\*Note that every zone that allows single-family detached will be required to allow "middle housing" types (duplexes, triplexes, quadplexes, townhomes, cottage cluster) per recent state legislation (HB 2001, passed 2019). The City is in the process of updating development/zoning regulations to allow for these housing types in applicable zones.



19

Zone	General Uses	Description/Notes
Regional Commercial (RC)	<ul> <li>Offices</li> <li>Retail/restaurants</li> <li>Vehicle services/repair</li> <li>Small scale manufacturing</li> </ul>	Provides range of commercial services that serve the region. Appropriate for larger sites along major transportation corridors.
Community Commercial (CC)	<ul> <li>Offices</li> <li>Retail/restaurants</li> <li>Various institutional services (daycare, religious, education)</li> </ul>	Serves most commercial uses with design/development guidelines intended to express community image. Mostly located along arterials.
Industrial Park (IP)	<ul> <li>Light manufacturing</li> <li>High-tech</li> <li>Research and development</li> <li>Offices</li> </ul>	Balances industrial and business parks in a clean, non- polluting environment. Offers a transition between heavier industry zones and residential areas.
Light Industrial (LI)	<ul> <li>Manufacturing</li> <li>Warehousing</li> <li>Wholesaling</li> <li>Processing and assembling</li> </ul>	Limited impact on surrounding area and provides a buffer between heavy industrial and other uses. Often has good access to highways or rail.
Neighborhood Commercial (NC)	<ul> <li>Convenience commercial</li> <li>Community services</li> <li>Residential care facilities</li> <li>Home businesses</li> </ul>	Intended for small scale retail serving nearby residents. Commercial/businesses are compatible with residential character.
Office Professional (OP)	<ul> <li>Office</li> <li>Manufacturing/Industrial</li> <li>Retail, service, restaurants</li> <li>Mixed Use Residential</li> </ul>	Intended to provide a vertical or horizontal mix of professional offices, personal services, live-work, residential and limited related commercial uses in close proximity to residential and commercial districts.

# Existing Zoning

#### Allowed Uses



**Residential** (based on tax assessor data):

- 1,703 Single Family Units
- 34 plex units (2-4 units each)
- 174 Manufactured Homes (on individual taxlots)
- 5 RV/Manufactured Home Parks (~210 permanent units)
- 5 Multifamily Projects (470 units)

#### Commercial:

- Hospitality (near Expo Center)
- Walmart, Home Depot, Coastal Farm & Ranch
- Auto/RV sales
- Denny's
- Furniture
- Landscaping

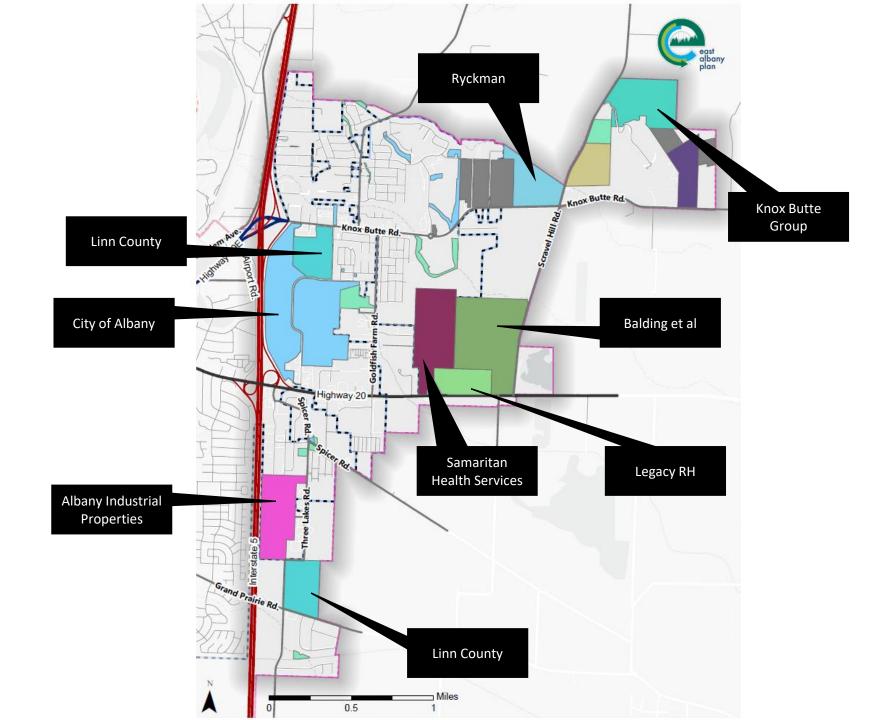
#### Industrial:

- Airport & shipping
- Auto & appliance repair
- Manufacturing
- Wholesale coffee/roasting
- Contractor Supplies plumbing, flooring, etc.
- Pick-A-Part/auto wrecking

## Existing Development

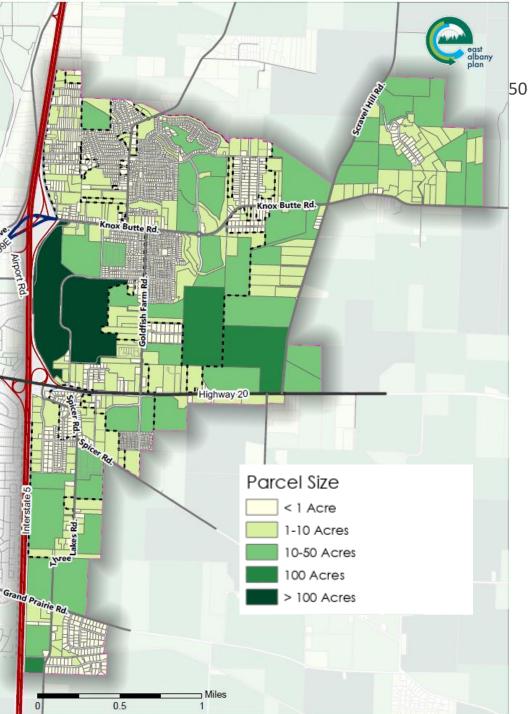
#### Based on Assessor's Data, Google Maps

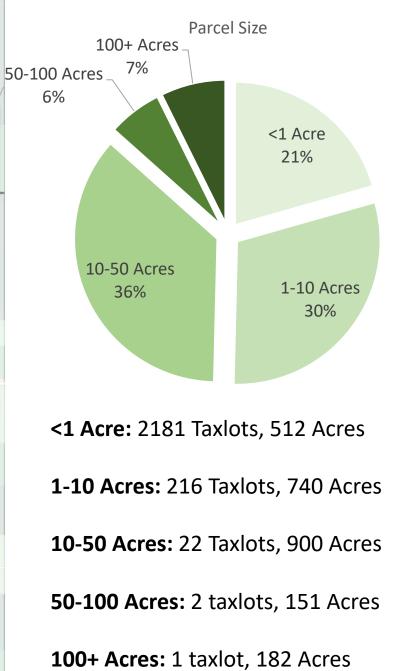




## Land Ownership

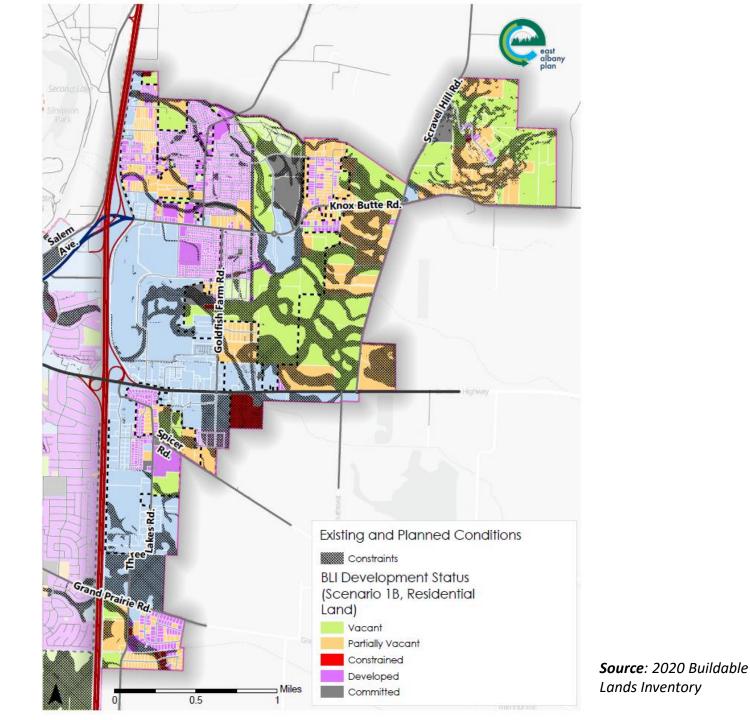






## **Parcel Size**



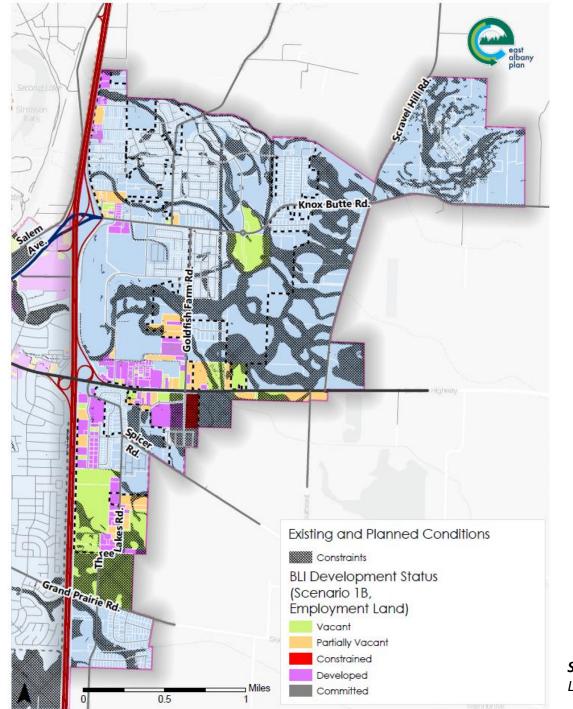


# Buildable Land

#### Residential

- Large vacant parcels outside of City limits.
- Wetlands throughout the area. Steep slopes on Knox Butte.
- Mix of older neighborhoods on larger lots and newer subdivisions





# Buildable Land

#### Employment

- Large vacant employment parcels near Grand Prairie Rd.
- Wetland impacts, transportation issues are barriers to development
- Mixed Use designation near Knox Butte Roundabout being developed mainly with multifamily units



*Source*: 2020 Buildable Lands Inventory

Plan Designation	Total Acres	Unconstrained Acres	Developable Acres	
Residential – Low Density	644.6	519.4	223.8	
Residential – Medium Density	137.6	103.9	64.6	
Village Center	54.6	40.4	40.4	Not "Vil
Commercial – General	120.8	95.9	43.1	curi dev
Commercial – Light	51.5	40.4	36.4	
Light Industrial	282.4	236.4	157.5	
Urban Residential Reserve	947.8	658.7	549.0	
Public/Semi Public	234.4	197.0	0	
Open Space	18.0	5.3	N/A	
TOTAL	2,491.8	1,897.5	1,114.8	

*Source*: 2020 Buildable Lands Inventory

# Buildable Land

# Nearly **2,500 acres** overall

**1,900 acres** outside of constrained areas (using Scenario 1B from the 2019-2020 BLI)

**1,115 acres** that are categorized as "Vacant" or "Partially Vacant"



*Note:* much of the "Village Center" land is currently under development

#### FIGURE 5.1: FEASIBLE RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT FORMS

Garden Apartment or Condominiums with Surface Parking	Typically wood frame construction with surface parking, carports or stand-alone garages. Construction is usually two to three stories high, with a density approaching 30 units per acre. This is a predominant form outside the central city.	
Attached Duplex/ Townhomes	Also typically wood frame, these units often have parking under the unit from street or back alley. Projects can be fee simple or with condominium ownership of the ground. 16 to 22 units per acre.	

# Market Analysis

#### **Residential:**

Market for single family detached/attached, middle housing, garden apartments, 2-3 story walk-up apartments.

Greater density, taller buildings, podium construction might be feasible in the future.



"Middle" Housing	Duplexes, Triplexes, Accessory Dwelling Units that increase housing options in lower-density residential areas. Cottage clusters can create a living community of small homes and can be condo-ized to provide affordable ownership opportunities.	<image/>
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# Market Analysis

#### **Residential:**

Market for single family detached/attached, middle housing, garden apartments.

Other housing forms might be feasible in the future.



Mid-Rise Urban	Wood framed construction of four
Apartments	stories. Semi-structured parking
Vertical Mixed Use (Feasible later in planning period)	such as tuck-under. In the longer term, a concrete podium over parking and ground-floor uses may be feasible, greatly increasing potential density. These developments may require public incentives in the short to mid-term.





# Market Analysis

#### **Residential:**

Market for single family detached/attached, middle housing, garden apartments.

Other housing forms might be feasible in the future.











# Market Analysis

**Commercial:** Likely one to two-story auto-oriented shopping center development with good visibility and access.

Industrial/Office: Employer driven, speculative/flex space possible.





FIGURE 5.3: SUBURBAN MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT FORMS



# Market Analysis

#### Mixed Use:

2-3 stories of residential or office over a retail ground floor

Surface parking

Possible to implement in East Albany area if thoughtfully planned



#### FIGURE 5.4: HYPOTHETICAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS, EAST ALBANY

RESIDENTIAL		1) S	TATUS QU	0	2) RESID	ENTIAL DE	NSITY	3) MIXED	-USE EFFIC	CIENCY
		EA	ST ALBANY	1	EAS	ST ALBAN Y	1	EA	ST ALBANY	r
Zoning Category	Typical Housing Type	Buildable Acres	Unit Capacity	Units/ Acre	Buildable Acres	Unit Capacity	Units/ Acre	Buildable Acres	Unit Capacity	Units/ Acre
Low-Density: RR, RS-10, RS- 6.5, RS-5, HM, MS	Single-family detached; Duplex	807	2,757	4.2	782	5,242	6.7	716	4,802	6.7
Medium-Density: RS-5 attached, MR, RM<1ac, WF<1ac, MUC, DMU, CB	Single-family attached; Manufactured home; 2-4 plexes	30	364	10.5	50	627	12.5	75	938	12.5
High-Density: RM, RMA, HD	Multi-family apartments; condos	62	1,448	20.8	67	1,517	22.8	77	1,745	22.8
	RESIDENTIAL TOTALS:	899	4,569	5.1	899	7,385	8.2	868	7,485	8.6

#### COMMERCIAL

		EA	ST ALBANY	, ,
Zoning Category		Buildable Acres	Built Space	FAR
Office		5	80,000	0.35
Institutional		5	80,000	0.35
Retail		60	720,000	0.25
CON	IMERCIAL TOTALS:	69	880,000	0.26

EA	ST ALBAN Y	(	EA	ST ALBANY	1
Buildable Acres	Built Space	FAR	Buildable Acres	Built Space	
5	80,000	0.35	20	340,000	
5	80,000	0.35	10	170,000	
60	720,000	0.25	70	1,000,000	
<u>69</u>	880,000	0.26	100	1,510,000	

FAR

0.35

0.35 0.30

0.32

FAR

0.30

0.30

0.35

0.31

EAST ALBANY

Built Space

940,000

950,000

760,000

177 2,650,000

Buildable

Acres

66

66

45

#### INDUSTRIAL

		EA	ST ALBANY	,
Zoning Category		Buildable Acres	Built Space	FAR
General Industrial		66	940,000	0.30
Flex/Business Park		66	950,000	0.30
Warehouse		45	760,000	0.35
	INDUSTRIAL TOTALS:	177	2,650,000	0.31

EAST ALBANY				
Built Space	FAR			
940,000	0.30			
950,000	0.30			
760,000	0.35			
2,650,000	0.31			
	Built Space 940,000 950,000 760,000			

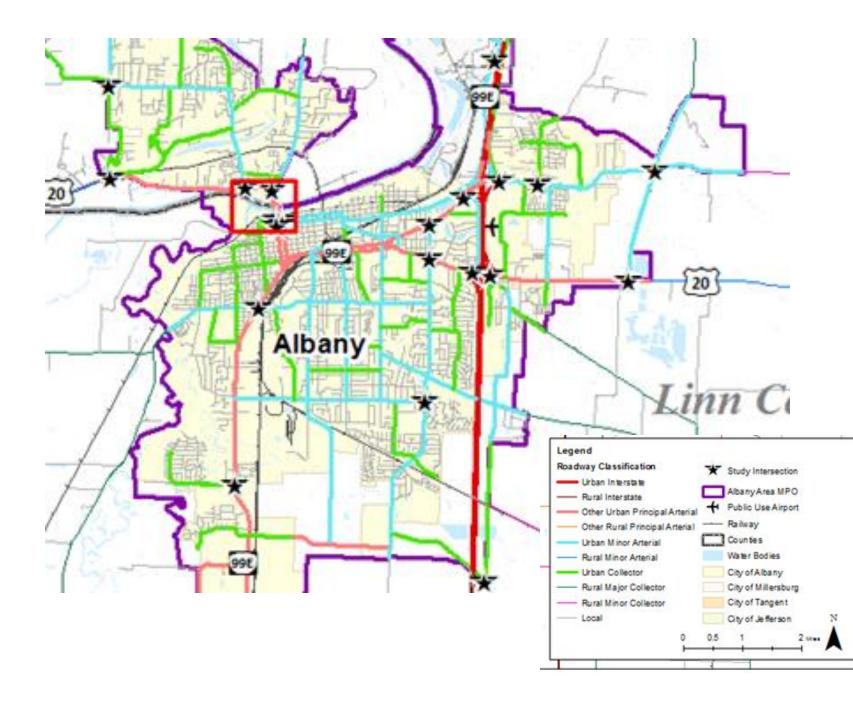
Market	
Analysis	

#### Hypothetical Development Patterns: 1. Status Quo

2. Residential Density

3. Mixed-Use Efficiency



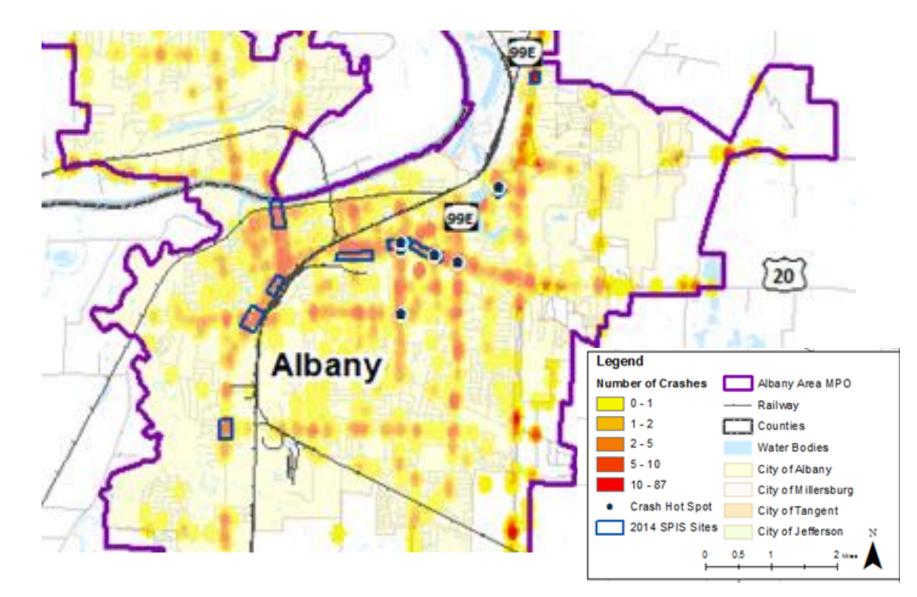


### Network Functional Class

1 principal arterial (Santiam Hwy)

4 minor arterials \* Knox Butte Rd \* Scravel Hill Rd \* Goldfish Farms Rd \* Three Lakes Rd

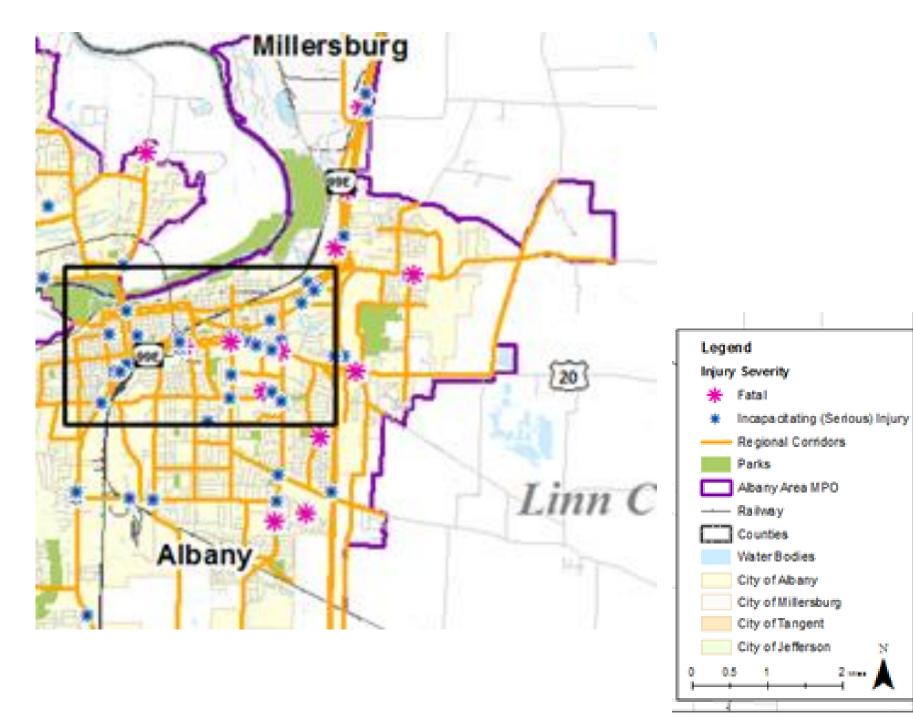




## **Crash History**

2009 to 2013 data shows crashes primarily on arterial routes: \* Santiam Hwy \* Knox Butte Rd \* Goldfish Farm Rd





### Serious/Fatal Crashes

One fatality on Knox Butte Rd and one fatality on Santiam Highway

#### Scravel Hill Rd/Knox Butte Rd intersection has a high crash rate



Several study intersections were analyzed for the Albany TSP and AAMPO RTP. The capacity analysis identified that:

- One East Albany Intersection was mobility deficient in 2018 (I-5 NB Off-Ramp/Knox Butte Rd)
- Two East Albany Intersections are projected to not meet mobility targets in 2040 (I-5 NB Off-Ramp/Knox Butte Rd & Knox Butte Rd/Clover Ridge Rd)

Following the adoption of the AAMPO RTP, mobility targets for US 20 were revised to be v/c < 1.0 through Alternate Mobility Targets process.

Existing Transportation System

**Vehicle Mobility** 

Source: Albany TSP, AAMPO RTP







**Excellent:** Substantial separation between the sidewalk and the roadway. **Good:** Sidewalks on both sides of the roadway, continuous landscaping buffering from moving vehicles.



**Fair:** Sidewalk is curbtight which can be uncomfortable for pedestrian. Bike lane or on-street parking buffers pedestrians from travelling vehicles. **Poor:** Road lacks sidewalks or has sidewalk gaps.

### Existing Transportation System

#### **Pedestrian Conditions**

#### RTP reported conditions on major routes

Most ped facilities in east Albany deemed either "poor" or "fair"

Little connectivity between "excellent" or "good" facilities



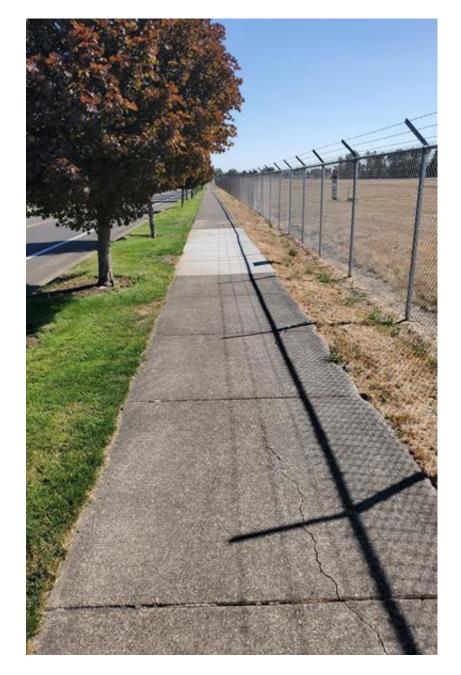


### Pedestrian Network Photos

Pedestrian activity primarily within neighborhoods

Mix of conditions and crossing treatments are present









### Pedestrian Network Photos

Several streets with sidewalks, though connectivity into/through neighborhoods is limited





### Pedestrian Network Photos

Mix of curbtight and landscaped sidewalks are present





### Pedestrian Network Photos

Sidewalks missing on Goldfish Farm Road, Knox Butte Road, with travel challenging due to narrow/no shoulder and swale





### Pedestrian Network Photos

US 20 is a significant barrier with no opportunities to cross between the existing signals at Fescue and Goldfish Farm Rd (> 1/2 mile)





### Pedestrian Crashes

2009 to 2013 data (RTP) indicated one pedestrian crash on US 20 east of I-5





Bicycle Level of Traffic Stress (LTS) Categories:

LTS 1 – Low stress (suitable for all cyclists, including children)

LTS 2 – Low stress with some attention required (suitable for most teens and adults)

LTS 3 – Moderate stress (suitable for most observant adult cyclists)

LTS 4 – High stress (suitable only for experienced and skilled cyclists)

Source: AAMPO RTP

### Existing Transportation System

### Bicycle Conditions

Level of Traffic Stress (LTS) was reported in RTP

Most regional streets are LTS 3 or 4 – (only very experienced riders)

In neighborhoods, low speed and low traffic support shared road riding

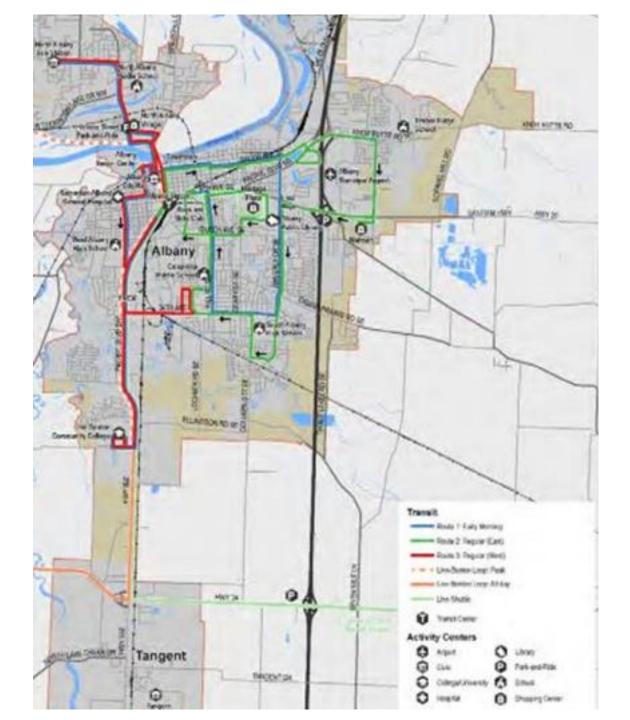




### Bicycle Network Photos

Many streets have striped bike lane or wide shoulder, though some are not low stress and bike friendly due to traffic volumes/speeds and blockage/debris





## **Transit Service**

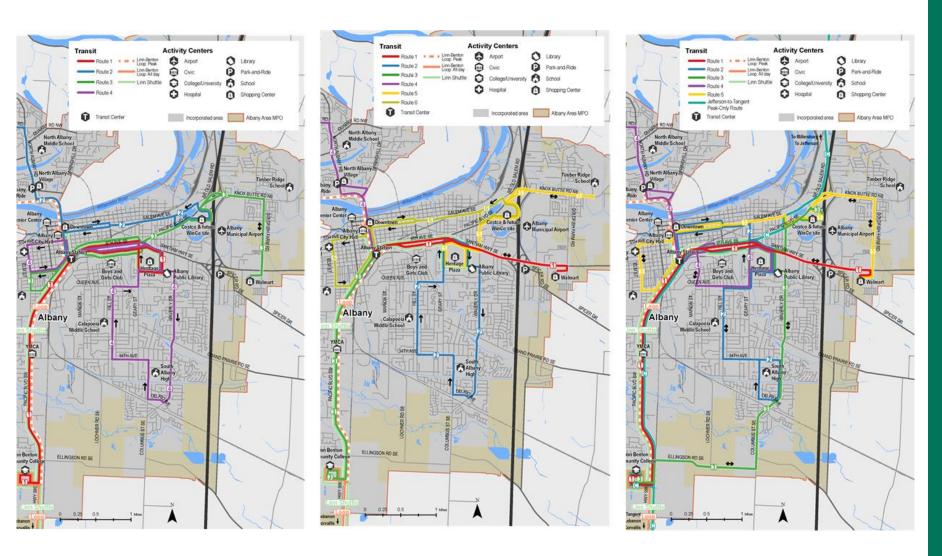
Albany Transit System (ATS) serves East Albany

Route 2 has five stops in East Albany, 60 minute headways

No regional stops within East Albany

Source: AAMPO RTP/TDP

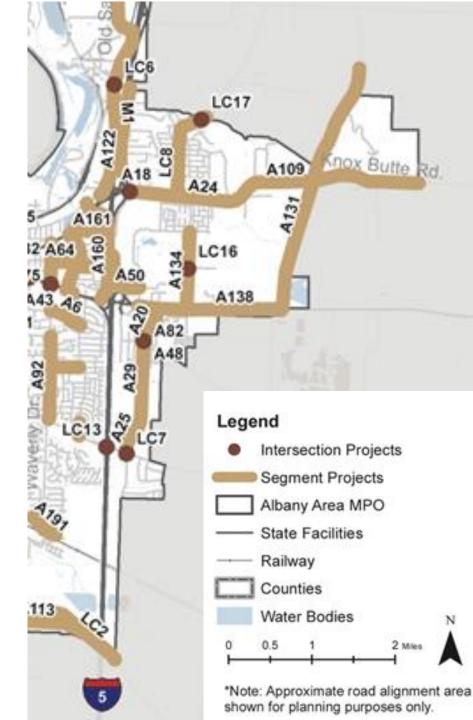




### Future Transit Service

Transit Development Plan (TDP) identified 3 future scenarios that would modify routes and service headways: short (left), medium (center), long term (right)





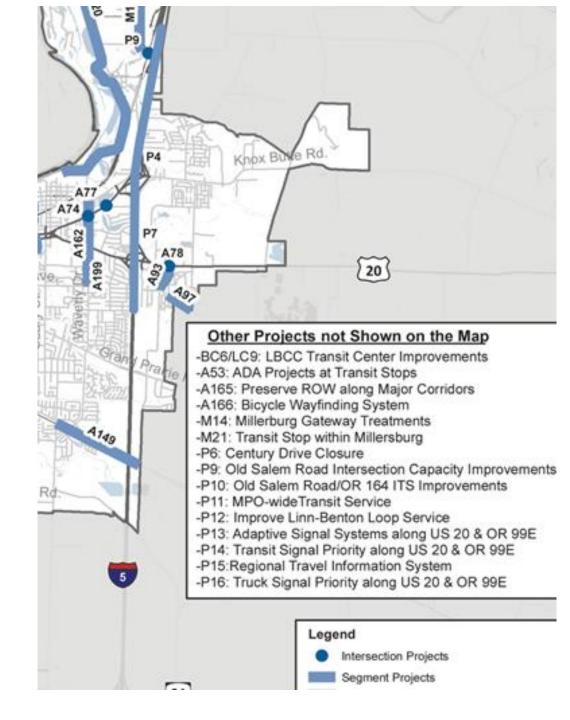
### Transportation System

### Planned Multimodal Improvements

Several Financially Constrained projects \* Four modernization projects to fix ped/bike gaps

\* Roadway capacity upgrades (Knox Butte Rd)





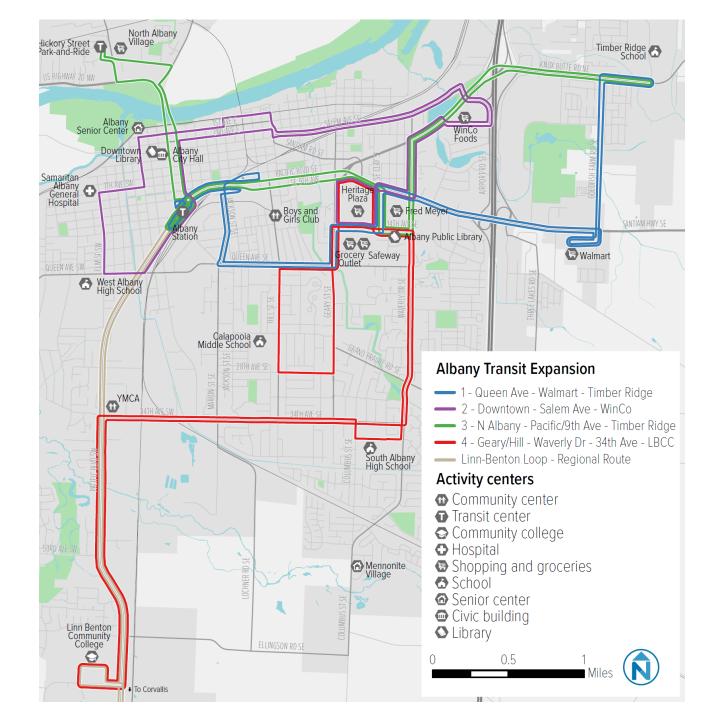
# Transportation System

### Planned Multimodal Improvements

Additional "aspirational" projects identified as needs, but are beyond projected funding

Primarily focused on street connections



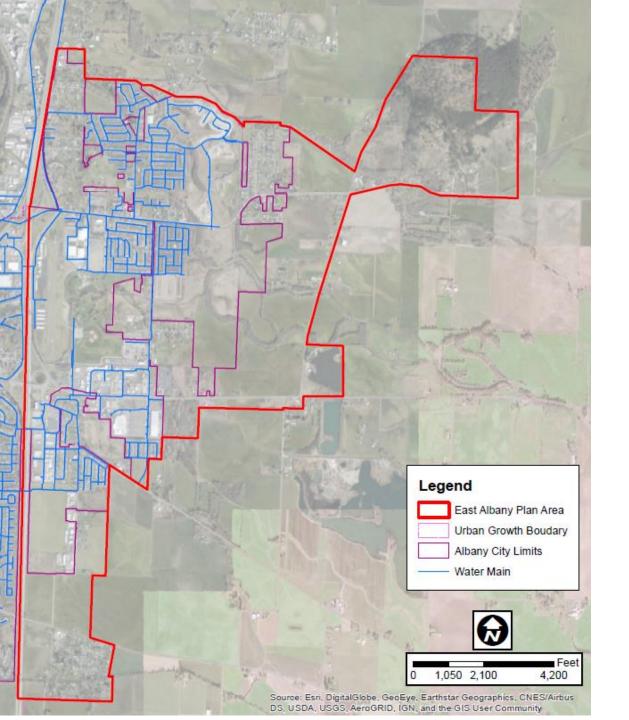


### Transportation System

### Transit Expansion

#### OCWCOG Transit Improvement Plan

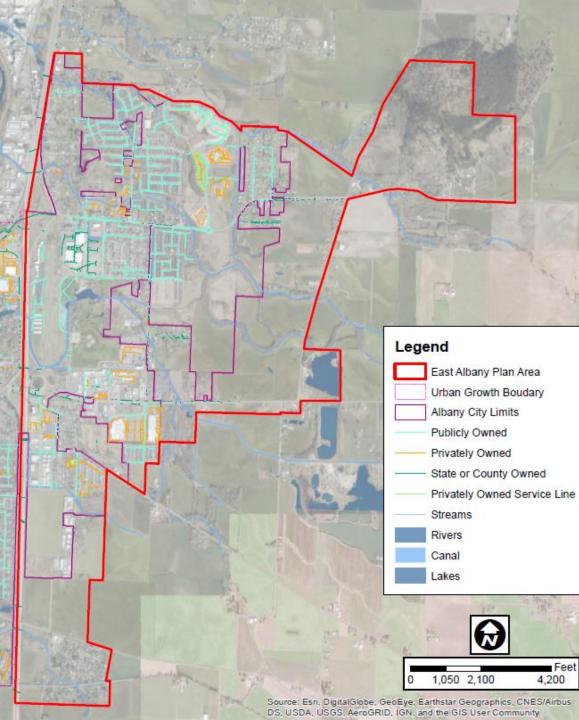




## Existing Water System

#### 149,491 LF of Pipe No Pump Stations No Reservoirs



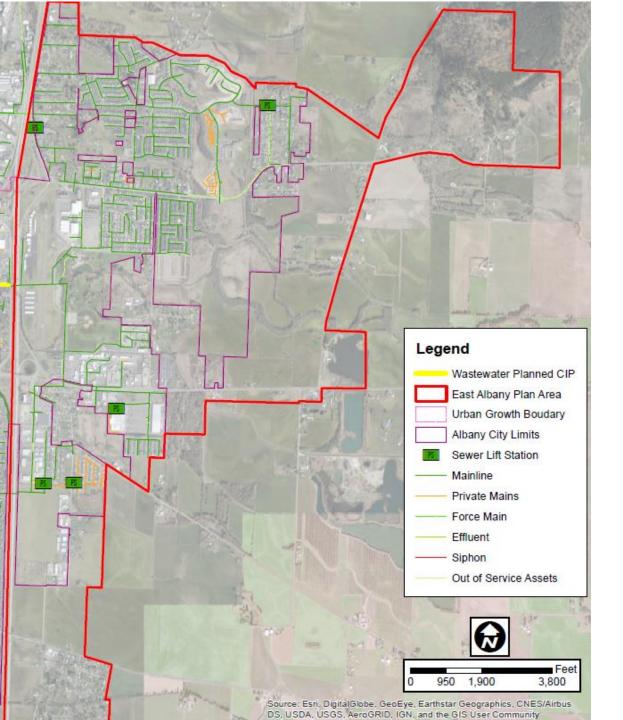


## Existing Stormwater System

Pipes – 171,550 LF Channels – 157,641 LF

Stormwater Master Plan in draft as of spring 2021, which includes a comprehensive project list.





## Existing Wastewater System

144,868 LF of Pipe 61 Cleanouts 544 Manholes

Cox Creek Interceptor Project Phase 3t will provide capacity to reduce existing overflows and to handle peak buildout flows during a 5-year design storm event. FY 2024-2025

